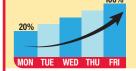


Prevent Heat Illness at Work

Mines can be hot work sites.

Ways to Protect Yourself and Others

Ease into Work. Nearly 3 out of 4 fatalities from heat illness happen during the first week of work.



✓ New and returning workers need to build tolerance to heat (acclimatize) and take frequent breaks.

Follow the 20% Rule. On the first day, work no more than 20% of the shift's duration at full intensity in the heat. Increase the duration of time at full intensity by no more than 20% a day until workers are used to working in the heat.



Take Rest Breaks Take enough time to recover from heat given the

temperature, humidity, and conditions.

Drink Cool Water

1 cup every 20 minutes.



Find Shade or a Cool Area

Take breaks in a designated shady or cool location.

Drink cool water even if you are not thirsty - at least







Dress for the Heat

Wear a hat and light-colored, loose-fitting, and breathable clothing if possible.

Watch Out for Each Other

Monitor yourself and others for signs of heat illness.

If Wearing a Respirator

Verbally check on workers frequently if they are wearing a respirator or other personal protective equipment.

First Aid for Heat Illness

The following are signs of a medical emergency!



- Abnormal thinking or behavior
- Slurred speech
- Seizures
- Loss of consciousness
- » CALL 911 IMMEDIATELY
- » COOL THE WORKER RIGHT AWAY WITH WATER OR ICE
 - » STAY WITH THE WORKER UNTIL HELP ARRIVES



Watch for any other signs of heat illness and act quickly. When in doubt, call 911.









For more information: 1-800-321-OSHA (6742) TTY 1-877-889-5627 www.osha.gov/heat or 1-800-746-1553 https://www.msha.gov/heat-stress

Federal law entitles you to a safe workplace. You have the right to speak up about hazards without fear of retaliation. See www.osha.gov/workers for information about how to file a confidential complaint with OSHA and ask for an inspection.